

Fremont Daily Journal.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 22, 1861.

ISAAC M. KEELER, EDITOR.

FIREMEN ATTENTION!

The members of the Fremont Fire Department will meet at the Engine House, at 4 o'clock, this p. m. for drill, and important business. Let there be a full attendance.

S. BUCKLAND,

Wednesday morning. Chief Engineer.

MANY THANKS.—Our friends at Clyde sent us 53 subscribers by one letter and 7 by another, by last night's mail for the Daily Journal, accompanied with the cash. This places us under renewed obligations to serve them. Subscriptions received in that village by Bell & Richards, to whom the papers are sent. Price, sixpence per week.

Yesterday was a fine day, and we feel gratified in announcing that no rain has fallen here during the last 24 hours. Owing to the continued wet weather the farmers are behind with their spring crops.

Surgeons to the Tenth Regiment.

We find the following in the *Ohio State Journal* of the 9th May:

The Surgeon to the 10th Ohio Regiment, Dr. C. E. BOYCE, of this city stands in the front rank of his profession in Ohio. His experience in surgery and physic has been extended and varied, and he is thereby peculiarly fitted for the post to which he is appointed.

He is fortunate in the designation of mate, Dr. JOHN B. RICE of Fremont, who has been assigned that place, is a young man of unusual attainments in surgery. He is a most thorough student, and besides has had practice in the hospitals in the eastern cities. We understand the manner in which Dr. RICE acquitted himself in the rigid test to which the applicants were submitted before the Medical Board was most creditable. Members of the 10th regiment have good reason to congratulate themselves upon the good medical hands into which they have fallen.

We, together with scores others in this community can heartily endorse every word here said in favor of Dr. RICE.

A Noble Woman!

We learn that in Nashville, Tenn., while secession banners wave from every other building, both public and private, one heroic lady (Mrs. McEwen) has placed the National Flag on her house, and she will shoot whoever attempts to tear down the glorious old Stars and Stripes. Let her name be engraved on the hearts of all loyal Americans!

Startling Report from Virginia.

The Cleveland Herald of the 20th says a private dispatch has been received in that city from Bridgeport, opposite Wheeling, stating that a party of secessionists, five hundred in number, have crossed the mountains and taken possession of Grafton, in Western Virginia. Grafton station is the junction of the Parkersburg and Wheeling lines of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

MARRIED.

In Cincinnati, O., on the 2d May, by Rev. Asa Drury, OSCAR MITCHELL, formerly of this place, and Miss VICTORIA BERGMAN, of Cincinnati.

Mr. Mitchell being a member of the Zouave Cadets was obliged to leave his bride on the morning of the 4th, to try the stern realities of a soldier's life in camp. Not a very agreeable way of passing the honeymoon.

On Saturday week, the Confederate troops at Pensacola numbered 10,000.

Up to Saturday \$221 had been sent to Gov. Dennison for the Missouri volunteers.

LAST NIGHT'S REPORT.

(Post's Special Despatch.)

Washington, May 21st.—A force of 1,000 rebel troops left Harper's Ferry yesterday for Grafton, Virginia, to resist the passage of Federal troops from Wheeling.

(Special to Commercial.)

The Governor of Delaware has appointed Henry Dupont Brigadier General of that State. He is a graduate of West Point, and has seen service, and is a celebrated manufacturer of gunpowder.

The Commercial learns from an authentic source that the extra Session of Congress will be short, and the business will be compactly arranged and presented according to present appearance. Almost perfect unanimity will prevail, and an impetus will be given to the loyal sentiment, and everything done that can to bring the contest to a speedy termination.

Information just obtained leads us to a firm belief that England and France will concur with our Government in steps taken to re-assert its authority. This is also the case with all the diplomatic representatives in Washington. A cordial understanding exists with them all. It will be found that Lord Lyons will fully support the views expressed in the instructions to Mr. Adams.

Philadelphia, May 21st.—Capt. Forbes, of the prize vessel denies knowing anything about the blockade, and that the secession flags found on board belonged to the former captain.

Indianapolis, May 21st.—The report from Martin County, Ind., last night about secessionists committing depredations seems to be a mistake. There is, however, a band of desperadoes in that county who have been plundering, robbing, and threatening the lives of the citizens, and we learn this morning from good authority that four men were arrested at Dover Hill yesterday by a mob of one hundred armed men.

Fort Kearney, May 21.—Pony express from San Francisco 11th, arrived to-day.—News from California and Oregon unimportant. Union mass meeting at San Francisco on the 11th. Immense affair.

St. Louis, May 21.—Major Gen. Price, Commander in chief of Missouri Military arrived last night, and this a. m. had an interview with Gen. Harney when a plan was agreed upon for maintaining peace and the avoidance of future conflicts between Federal and State Governments; they must declare a common object of restoring peace and good order among the people, and desiring them to remain in subordination to the State and General Governments; and unite in recommending all persons to respect each other's rights throughout the State, and make no attempt to exercise undue authority; as it is the determination of the proper authorities to suppress all unlawful proceedings, which can only disturb public peace.

Gen. Price pledges whole power of the State officers to maintain order among the people of the State; and Gen. Harney declares that this object being assured, he can have no occasion as he has no wish to make military monuments which might otherwise create excitement and jealousies which he most earnestly desires to avoid. They therefore enjoin upon the people to attend to their civil business, and express the hope that unquiet elements which have threatened so seriously to disturb the public peace, may soon subside, and be remembered only to be deplored.

Private despatches from Memphis announce explosion of steamer Kentucky yesterday, and a loss of 20 lives, including both clerks; no particulars given. The Kentucky was a Memphis and Vicksburg mail packet valued at \$20,000.

Private despatches also announce that the Southern Confederacy has established a blockade at Memphis, prohibiting the passage of all upward bound boats.

Albany, May 21.—The bank of the Interior, a new institution, having been in existence only a few years, and doing business almost wholly with Canada, suspended at the close of Banker's hours to-day. Its circulation is fully secured by State stocks, and its few depositors are fully secured. The suspension of this bank will not affect the banking interest here.

New Orleans, May 21.—Russell, correspondent London Times, arrived this morning.

Montgomery, May 21.—Gov. Ellis telegraphs President Davis, that North Carolina passed an ordinance of secession unanimously.

Louisville, May 21.—A private despatch says the boilers of the steamer Kentucky, on the Vicksburg and Memphis line, exploded on Monday below Memphis. Several lives lost.

Washington, May 21.—Surgeon Finley will be appointed Surgeon General of the army in place of Dawson, deceased.

It is a sufficient denial of the reports as to Lieut. Gen. Scott's infirm health, to say that he is engaged in the discharge of his office duties not only throughout the day, but at a late hour every night.

New York, May 21.

The Persia arrived this evening. The reason the war freight was not received is because it was considered that it would vitiate the insurance, and the agents of the line wish to keep a neutral price.

The London times says, a regular campaign in Maryland appears unavoidable, and the Border States will, perhaps, witness scenes which will be remembered for generations. All England can do is to keep aloof, nor any positive law but the marshal feeling of the community will forbid any British subject to engage in the conflict.

A correspondent of the Charleston Mercury writing from Georgetown District, South Carolina, urges that paper to advocate the immediate stoppage of the circulation of Northern papers in that State.—The writer says they are "having a very bad effect" in his vicinity.

Dr. Johnson, of Paducah, wrote to the President, a few days ago, asking as *Senator of Kentucky* that the troops should be withdrawn from Cairo. We understand that the President, in his reply, acknowledged his indebtedness to the Senator for a highly important piece of information.—Won't the Legislature do the State the favor to call for the correspondence?—*Louisville Journal*.

The Cincinnati Gazette Washington correspondent reports the blockade of Charleston as not having been successful, vessels having passed and out without seeing any blockading squadron. If this statement is made on the authority of the authority of the Charleston papers, there is room for doubting its truth. Another dispatch, however, says that a cotton ship has just cleared from that port for Liverpool.

The Pony Express, with California dates to the 8th inst., and those of the Sandwich Islands to April 16, reached Fort Kearney on Sunday. The general news is meager. The Union feeling increases, and meetings are daily held to give expression to it. A grand Union demonstration was to take place on the 11th inst. The effort to bring together the two wings of the Democratic party has failed, and the Douglas Committee will call a Convention of their own.

The most of Italian news, interesting item is the reconciliation of Garibaldi with Count Cavour and General Cialdini. This is pleasant to think of. Surely all private differences should be merged in a desire for the public good, in a country where political affairs stand in so critical a condition as in Italy.

Gen. Cass is said to have contributed \$25,000 towards the equipment of the Michigan Volunteers and \$10,000 more for the support of their families during their absence.

The war spirit has extended even to the insect world. The army worm has invaded the crops of Central Tennessee, and is doing much damage.

A letter has been exhibited to us warning a respectable citizen that if he does not leave the city in ten days he will be lynched. It is signed "Lodge 483 of 4th District of N. K. B." We have heard of other letters of the same sort—all received by the Union men.—*St. Louis Journal*.